SECTION 31. Economic research, finance, innovation, risk management.

THE INSTITUTIONAL ASPECTS OF THE FORMATION OF AGRICULTURAL MARKET

Abstract: Agricultural market and the implementation of the agrarian sphere, the market appears on the form of media, including agro-industrial sector of the country has formed a special role in economic relations. In particular, the successful integration of this process-oriented changes are implemented and carried out in the agricultural state of the market mechanisms of the formation has a significant impact. It is the nature of market relations in the sphere of agro-industrial development is closely linked with the implementation of the RAPs to influence the state.

Research shows that the conditions for effective action in the agricultural market, in fact, depends on the formation of the institutional environment. The institutional environment is closely linked with the implementation of institutional changes in the society. It should be noted that, depending on economic trends, the economy and other institutions formed, and it has a significant impact on the organization's activities as a result of the economy. Effectively carrying out state regulation of individual institutions and their capacity to operate in a competitive environment is considered important conditions to the extension.

Key words: agricultural market, market conditions, integration, institutional changes, regulation, competition.

Language: English


Introduction

Researches shows that historically the relationship between agriculture and the agrarian sector of the economy, which has acted as an important strategic branches. This area needs the food industry, which needs important role between. In the agricultural sphere, as well as an important sector of the economy, it formed its own characteristics relations. The natural climatic factors abuse primarily due to agriculture. In addition, the process of implementation of socio-economic relations, the formation of agricultural products as well as the nature and structure of the agricultural market is important to pay attention to. The analysis shows that the relations of production in the agricultural sphere specific changes may occur. The in fact, manifested as a characteristic of the process of liberalization.

Continuous improvement of the socio-economic relations in the agricultural sector, including the rapid changes in the market condition impact is of particular importance in terms of forming the country's strategic interests. The above-mentioned resolution of issues in the agricultural market depends on the formation and function effectively. The analysis shows that the agricultural market, in fact, mentioned as a form of market relations in the economic relations of its formation effectively on a number of institutional and economic structures associated with the development of improved image. International experience shows that the market, as well as an important part of its specific characteristics, such as the implementation of institutional changes, which plays an important role in the agricultural market. In this respect, the agricultural market and the implementation of measures aimed at improving the organizational and economic mechanism for the renewal of the agricultural market oriented institutions. In general, the nature of the agricultural market mechanisms to harmonize the relations of production, relations of production is closely linked to changes in the system. These changes are mainly social, political and economic relations implies improvement.

Overall, the agricultural market exchange process between consumers and producers of
agricultural products, as well as financial and technical resources, and socio-economic relations in the sphere of services reflect the cumulative amount, in the process of selling and buying and selling of commodities performing [2, 78].

Agricultural market and the implementation of the agrarian sphere, the market appears on the form of media, including agro-industrial sector of the country has formed a special role in economic relations. In particular, the successful integration of this process-oriented changes are implemented and carried out in the agricultural state of the market mechanisms of the formation has a significant impact. It is the nature of market relations in the sphere of agro-industrial development is closely linked with the implementation of the RAPs to influence the state.

Materials and methods
Changes in the system of international relations in recent years, the market has led to the creation of institutional changes in the system. At this point in the sphere of market relations, as well as an important part of the process of institutional changes that occur when analyzing the agricultural market, as a result of this process is to draw attention to the theoretical and historical aspects.

Researches show that, the changes in the structure of the production areas, in most cases, occur spontaneously and such spontaneous making decisions are accompanied by certain risks. In particular, in accordance with changes in market conditions, the diversification priorities of the agriculture are being determined. So, the improvement of the payment opportunities of the demand at the expense of the local production is the main issues in the implementation of the structural changes in the market.

In this regard, for the adaptation of the agricultural production to the market conditions and improvement of the more effective production areas are very important to form the most improved exchange systems. Researches show that, diversification is a main toolbar of the increasing the economic effectiveness and increasing labor productivity of the specialization of the agricultural production based on economic strategy of the enterprises as an objective legality. It should be noted that, as to all spheres of the economy, the process of social division of labor is one of the characteristic feature of the agriculture.

Social division of labor comes forward from the specific features of the agricultural production, and from the economic and natural legality of expanded reproduction process. The economic and natural legality of the expanded reproduction process, in its turn, significantly influence to the level of the social division of labor, also to the level of the production specialization in the agriculture. While increasing the development level, the specialization of the labor and distribution are deepening enough. It is possible to implement scientific and technical progress in all spheres of the economy on the base of social division of labor.

Conclusion and Recommendations
Research shows that the conditions for effective action in the agricultural market, in fact, depends on the formation of the institutional environment. The institutional environment is closely linked with the implementation of institutional changes in the society. It should be noted that, depending on economic trends, the economy and other institutions formed, and it has a significant impact on the organization's activities as a result of the economy.

Institutional structures in the agricultural market can fulfill important functions in the formation of relationships between entities. In this respect, regulation of economic activity in the agricultural market, the existence of social forms, the protection of the internal market and the implementation of measures necessary to stimulate the production of combines. Various institutional and organizational structures, legal and socio-psychological components, and the proportion between the different character for each institutional entity, but the objective is the characteristic sign.

Recently, a new system of international relations in economic activity in terms of the institutional strengthening of the process of globalization of the economy has begun to take shape. Institutional economics theories about the nature of the institutions related to the previously existed different views from the fore-mentioned idea.

In the process of development of the productive forces and production relations of society is gradually being replaced by new ones and the old institutions suspended their activities. It was in fact directly related to the development of disadvantaged modernization. It should be noted that the development of a market economy in the process of formation and development of institutional structures scaled directive, there was a direct result of evolution. Overall, the institutional structures have been able to significantly affect the social environment. This is reflected in the wide range of changes in the organizational structure.

Effectively carrying out state regulation of individual institutions and their capacity to operate in a competitive environment is considered important conditions to the extension.
Impact Factor:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Source</th>
<th>Impact Factor</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ISRA (India)</td>
<td>1.344</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ISI (Dubai, UAE)</td>
<td>0.829</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GIF (Australia)</td>
<td>0.356</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JIF</td>
<td>1.500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SIS (USA)</td>
<td>0.912</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PHHI (Russia)</td>
<td>0.179</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ESJI (KZ)</td>
<td>1.042</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SJIF (Morocco)</td>
<td>2.031</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ICV (Poland)</td>
<td>6.630</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

References: