FROM THE HISTORICAL OF ECONOMY RELATIONSHIPS WITH THE COUNTRIES ENROLLED IN EUROPEAN UNION OF THE REPUBLIC OF UZBEKISTAN

Abstract: In this article have been analyzed historical of economy relationships with the countries enrolled in European Union of the Republic of Uzbekistan by historical literatures and statistic materials as well.

Key words: economy, economic relationship, European Union, Uzbekistan, investment.

Language: English


Introduction.

From the early days of Independence of Uzbekistan, it became the member with equal rights and began to run foreign policy independently, taking possession in the world society, selecting the way of cooperation with the international organization. As our President Sh.Mirziyoyev mentioned: “We carry out our activity in the field of foreign policy, benefits for our people and country in detail. The basis of the politics consists of peace-loving, not interfering in home – affairs of the countries dealing with possible conflicts and oppositions in a political way and peacefully. We still keep up with a productive cooperation with all foreign countries and World community. On this occasion, we keep principles in running open, friendly, pragmatic politics” [1].

In the wider globalization, integration, and information process, cooperation with international organizations is also beneficial for the world countries.

For this purpose, it is expedient to the further develop bilateral and multilateral ties with international, regional organizations, developed and developing countries.

The following main principles of Uzbekistan’s foreign policy and foreign economic relations are developed which were developed during the first year of independence of Uzbekistan.

First of all, the priority of the national interests of the state taking into consideration the mutual interests.

Secondly, equal rights and mutual benefit non-interference in the internal affairs of the countries.

Thirdly, regardless of ideological views, openness to cooperation, commitment to universal values, peace and security.

Fourth, priority of international law norms.

Fifth, to develop bilateral relations both on bilateral and multilateral norms.

We consider foreign relations as a guarantee of security and stability for successful development of international relation in various fields.

In its turn, cooperative relations between European Union member countries and international organizations and the Republic of Uzbekistan plays in important role in stabilizing peace, developing cooperation in socio economic, trade scientific – technic spheres as well [2].

European Union is an international organization taking form of international organization and federative state as well. At first, it was named European Community (“general market”). Contract about establishing European Union was signed in 1992 in Maastricht by 12 countries. The contract which aimed at finding political and economical unit of European countries came into force on November 1, 1993. European Union aims to build a firm community of European countries to create place without inside borders, to help long term economic
progress improving economical and social effectiveness [3].

Furthermore, developing relationship with European Union and its members is one of the main foreign policy priorities of our Republic which acceptable for our national concern.

Potentials of Europe are important in cooperating with the world community from the point of our national concerning. Europe and the whole west are source of technologies and investigations being the symbol of today’s democracy and human rights. All of them is vital need for the state which had chosen novelty and development as its strategic goal to take its first steps to the century 21st as security supplied, flourishing, highly developed modern democratic country, Uzbekistan.

On the one hand, it takes creating safe and firm environment to bring investigation and on the other hand it shows that the only country which carries out reforms widely in all spheres of life can provide such safe circumstances [4].

European Union has importance for foreign policy of Uzbekistan and the significance of their relationships can be seen in the followings;

Firstly, developed countries of European Union such as France, Germany, The UK, and Italy are the sources of technology for Uzbekistan.

Secondly, holding regional stability and safety is a vital object for both sides.

Cooperation between Uzbekistan and European Union can be divided into two:

1. Establishment of long period partnership and cooperative agreement between Republic of Uzbekistan and European Union. 2. The instruction of “Tasis” which is directed to the field of scientific – technic and its role to carry out reform. The cooperation between Uzbekistan European Union was signed in 1992 with the help of Memorandum [5]. Because of supporting social, political and economical reforms in our country. The European Union has been working on technical aid projects of Commission of European community since the early years of independence in Republic. Uzbekistan is participating in cooperation proceedings on those specialized reforms of providing safety of border BOMKA, KADAP that is referred to struggling against narcotics, TRASEKA that is specialized for transport, INOEYT – issues of energetics, TEMPS is taken into account as a educational system and also science. Transporting is fundamental to join in European markets by transport for Uzbekistan [6]. So, TRASEKA instruction was created relating to developing the branch of transport communication between Central Asia and European Union in 1993 Stimulating of Central Asia and Caucasus, as well as Uzbekistan to Europe and the World markets, providing TRASEKA to join Trans Europe transport, encouraging enlist investigations of international financial organizations were included into the main aims of TRASEKA. Including reconstruction existing automobile and railway stations [7].

According to “the order about measures to improve cooperation with the European Union and its member states” of the Cabinet of Ministers of the Republic of Uzbekistan. During 2004 and 2005 a comprehensive program of voluntary organizational measures for the implementation of agreement between the government of Uzbekistan and the European Union and its member states, exchange legal information cooperation in political sphere, strengthening the political balance between them, supreme assembly strengthening cooperation among national parliaments, treaty establishing a nuclear – weapon free – zone European Union support, democracy and human rights cooperating, parliamentary human rights commissioner and European Union ombudsman and also establishing practical links between ombudsman of European Union member states and developing cooperation in economic and trade areas, wider involvement of issues of raising and protection, creating favorable conditions for entry of goods and services of Uzbekistan into the markets of the European Union, development of a package of investment projects jointly with investment institutions and banks of the European Union to stimulate direct investment in the real sector of Uzbekistan’s economy, delegation visits to the European Union countries and business circles of Uzbekistan have created bilateral trade and economic ties. Attracting concessional loans to Uzbekistan Strengthening cooperation in the field of building a joint venture between Uzbekistan and European Union in the field of intellectual, industrial, commercial, scientific, technical, educational, ecological, health and cultural cooperation [8].

European Union is an important trading partner of Uzbekistan and plays a key role in the foreign trade relations of the country. By the end 2010, the volume of foreign trade turned over of Uzbekistan with the European Union was 1965 million. Including export – 547.8 million, import – 1418 million. The volume of mutual trade turnover increased by 1.2 compared to 2009. At the same time, there are huge potentials to expand bilateral trade. Therefore, 821 corporations that came from the members of European Union are functioning in our country [9]. 612 of them are corporations, 209 companies are working on 100 per cent European investment. Uzbekistan is the country that can use the most comfortable system for foreign countries by European Union [10].

In conclusion, we can say, for new thousand years in World community are becoming important political, social – economy changes. During this process, carry out the member countries of European Union the foreign policy of Uzbekistan, increasing of

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Economical development is the important way of improvement the lifestyle of our population. The joining of Uzbekistan to world integration, widely being expended between international organizations and countries. Increasing of preparation trained personal, entering of high productive foreign technologies, the exchanging of informational technologies cause to improve a new state, the development state.

References: