SYSTEM OF LEGAL REGULATION OF OPERATIONS RELATED TO GENOME MANEUVERS

Abstract: Today, surgery on the human genome is not uncommon. Genetic engineering works quite actively today in the field of elimination of human body deficiencies in the field of oncology, leukology, embryology and other priority areas. Consequently, it is important to designate the correctness of the legal classification, operations carried out on the human genome from the position of legal efficacy. In this context, it will be correct to designate the term “regulation”, which is considered to be correct from the point of view of civil legislation in the complex of existing normative acts in aggregate, which can be designated as a system.

Key words: system of normative legal acts, complex of measures, embryology, neonotology, genetics, consistency, copying, evyhenia.

Language: English


Introduction

Defining the specificity and legal nature of the definition of legal regulation in general, it is important to note its belonging to the civil law direction in which such elements as action and inaction take place. In the context of the interpretation of operations related to maneuvers over the human genome, such elements can be classified in the following order in accordance with the empirical data of international studies.

Materials and Methods

In the Kazakhstan Republic, actions carried out in operations related to genome maneuvers were classified by researchers in the jurisprudence department of the social sciences faculty of the Kh.A. Yasavi International Kazakh-Turkish University in the alternative to the deal institute (1). In accordance with this institution, in this transaction one can consider several elements, which include actions and inactions, subjects expressed as citizens.
American researchers have differently identified the issues of legal regulation of the system of operations related to maneuvers over the human genome, introducing them to precedents (11). Thus, as an alternative, it was assumed that large companies that achieved certain results could determine the legality of the system of maneuvers conducted over the human genome from the position of the highest good based on the precedents (12). Moreover, the essence of such precedents must be interpreted as the highest benefit brought to the nation (13). After such, the results of such operations associated with maneuvers over the human genome may even be patented and have a commercial nature in accordance with the regulations of the United States regarding trade operations and monopolistic actions (14). Thus, it can be stated that the case-law approach of the American regulatory system is most convenient for standardizing, fixing and systematizing the results of experiments conducted in the system of legal regulation of operations related to maneuvers on the human genome (15).

**Conclusion**

For a certain kind of fixation and standardization of the issues of legal regulation of operations related to the maneuvers over the genome, it is not enough to systematize the regulatory legal acts in a certain order. This kind of fixation should be carried out, starting from genetic material and to the full appearance of a functioning organism with the help of existing legal tools on the example of mechanisms for classifying the nature of genomic research that should be introduced into the prosecution authorities, since they perform the functions of legal statistics and special accounting of violations in this area, which in turn represents a specific control function.

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